Critiques of science day 2 The uses of science

thomas.berker@ntnu.no
Theories of Science
Spring 2024

Plan for the last two hours

- Intro and discussion: From your complaints to a critique of science?
- Lecture:
 - Science funding in the 2020s
 - Some popular uses of science in the 2020s
 - follow the money
 - case study: FMEs (Berker)
 - a critique: the innovation imperative (Pfotenhauer & Jasanoff)
- Conference preparations

Beyond individual grievances

Why your grievances matter (in the context of this course)

PhD education is where academia reproduces itself, we learn about the state of academia from how it treats its future self

Your grievances

according to my reading - you may disagree (the ledger is now public: https://learn.kultwiki.net/thomas/TOS/src/branch/main/ ledger.md)

- A sometimes surprisingly old-fashioned, hierarchic organisation
- Uncertainty: Knowing what/when is enough
- A bad deal: 3 years is just not enough working overtime for free is built into the system
- PhDs complain too much!

Complaining academics

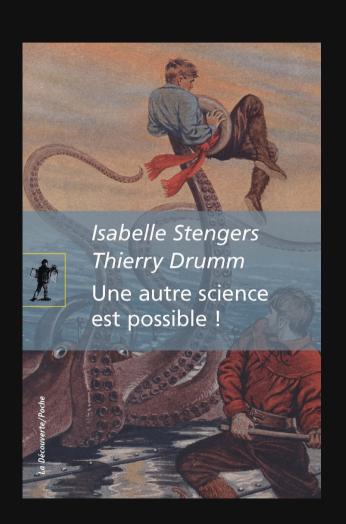
PhDs are not necessarily complaining more than professors, public suffering seems to be part of a common academic "habitus" (=habits, skills, dispositions of character, etc), but why?

Some non-exclusive explanations

- A very articulate group which is good at making its own concerns visible
- Being "overworked" protects from additional work (especially from academic housekeeping)
- It signals that one is "in demand" (cf. "attention and reputation economy")
- Those who are overworked are at least not working too little (cf. impostor syndrome)
- Three years is indeed little time for conducting a whole research project (in the case of PhD projects: for the first time!)

And: The heroic academic

- The conqueror of nature, revealing its secrets, controlling and taming its powers, going beyond the research frontier into unknown lands (where riches wait?)
- The ascetic seeker of truth who sacrifices his/her body for glimpses of a higher truth
- But what if nothing reveals itself, nothing submits, and when



Do you have proposals for an alternative academic habitus (maybe with less heroism and less complaining)?

Uncertainty 1 a certain autonomy

- (Relatively) high degrees of autonomy for the individual employee
- For me the one big reason to be and stay in academia
- But: Privileges senior and tenured staff, more problematic for new and temporary employees, especially difficult for PhD students with the desire to make themselves useful
- And: The professors' autonomy tends to create unresolvable person conflicts and dysfunctional organizational units

Uncertainty 2: Contradictory and unclear messages

- Old (authoritarian, collegial) vs new (bureaucratic, professional) academia vs "norsk arbeidsliv" (welfare state, corporatism) - especially difficult for us foreigners to decode
- PhDs: cheap workforce and "our future" and "our heirs" and ...
- Confused signals from the leadership: excellent teaching, research, outreach, innovation, project acquisition - keeping everyone busy - impostors abound!

Navigate and try to enjoy your autonomy!



Potential next steps

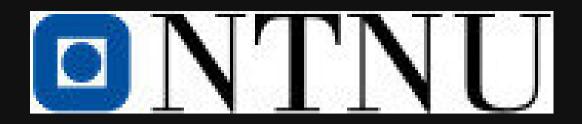
- Complete the ledger of grievances with the grievances of administrative staff, of engineering PhD students, of tenured staff that discovers that a tenured position does not improve work-life balance, MA students that worry about the worth of their education, ...
- Identify relations, overlaps, conflicts of interest
- Search for local solutions
- Where possible: Together! Where necessary: Against each other!

Lecture:

Some uses of science in the 2020s that are more popular than others

Following the money, a case study and a critique

1. Follow the money



in numbers

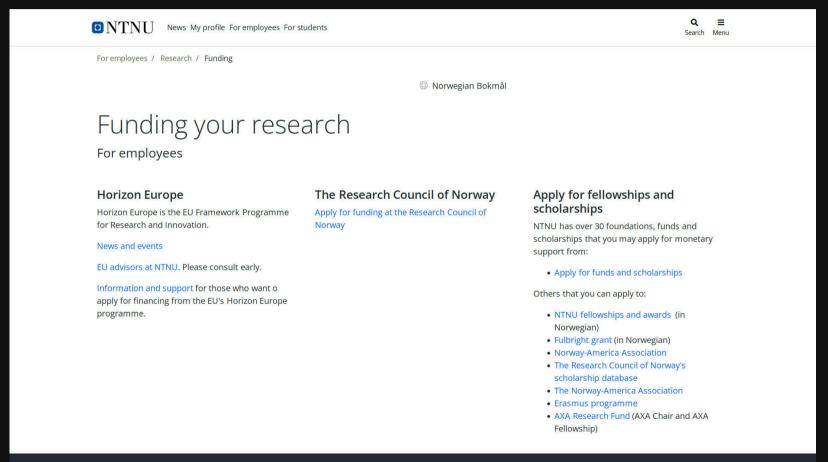
- Budget: 10.5 billion NOK (Norway's defence budget: 90.8 billion NOK)
- 8054 full-time equivalents (FTEs). Two of three (5259) work with teaching, research and dissemination (academic positions)
- Facilities (owned or rented) totalling 734 000 m2 (ca 100 fotball pitches)
- The funding is distributed internally based on a base + production of students

https://www.ntnu.edu/facts

Follow the money: The government (75%)

- Funds administration, teaching, operation and research
 - ca. 50% of a regular professor's time is for research
 - strategic funding distributed according to the university's priorities: Civil security, Ocean and Coast, Community, Energy, Health and Life Science

Other sources for "funding your research"



Follow the money: external funding (25%)

- RCN & EU & various smaller sources
- Research grants usually awarded to consortia involving other R&D institutions, businesses, local governments, non-profits, etc., which have their own agendas
- "Free" funding (fripro) for individual researchers has been reduced and restricted recently

Horizon Europe

- Tackles climate change
- Helps to achieve the UN's Sustainable Development Goals
 - Boosts the EU's competitiveness and growth
- Facilitates collaboration and strengthens the impact of research and innovation in developing, supporting and implementing EU policies while tackling global challenges
 - Supports the creation and better diffusion of excellent knowledge and technologies
 - Creates jobs, fully engages the EU's talent pool, boosts economic growth, promotes industrial competitiveness and optimises investment impact within a strengthened European Research Area.

Long term plan for research and higher education Overarching goals (2023-2032)

- Strengthened competitiveness and innovative capacity
- Sustainability
- High quality and accessibility

Focus areas:

Ocean and coast, Health, Climate-environment-energy, Industrial technologies, Societal safety and readiness, Trust and community

https://www.regjeringen.no/no/tema/forskning/innsiktsartikler/langtidsplanen-for-forskning-og-hoyere-utdanning-

2023-2032/id2929453/

The humanities

HF, NTNU, Strategy 2018-25

01	Vision, Values, Social Mission Our Vision Our Values Our Social Mission	6 7
02	Core Tasks Education and Learning Environment Research Artistic Activities Innovation Dissemination and Outreach	12 14 16 18
03	Internationalization	24 25

Innovative humanities

STRATEGIC DEVELOPMENT GOALS

The Faculty of Humanities will:

Include social and cultural entrepreneurship and innovation in our programmes of study and our research where it is relevant

Strengthen our cooperation with the business community, the cultural sector and public-sector organizations

Humanistic innovation contributes to positive changes and provides benefits to the economy, society, culture, public services, well-being, environment and quality of life outside the academic world.

The education, research and artistic activities at our Faculty give us a solid basis for meeting societal challenges. Interdisciplinarity is a prerequisite for success. Our knowledge about humanity, its values and its ways of thinking forms the foundation for our approach to innovation.

Summary: Follow the money

- What science should be used for:
 - Competitiveness and innovation
 - Norway: Ocean and coast, health, safety, sustainability
- Of course these are plans and not the reality

A popular use of science: Sustainability and innovation

A case study and a critique

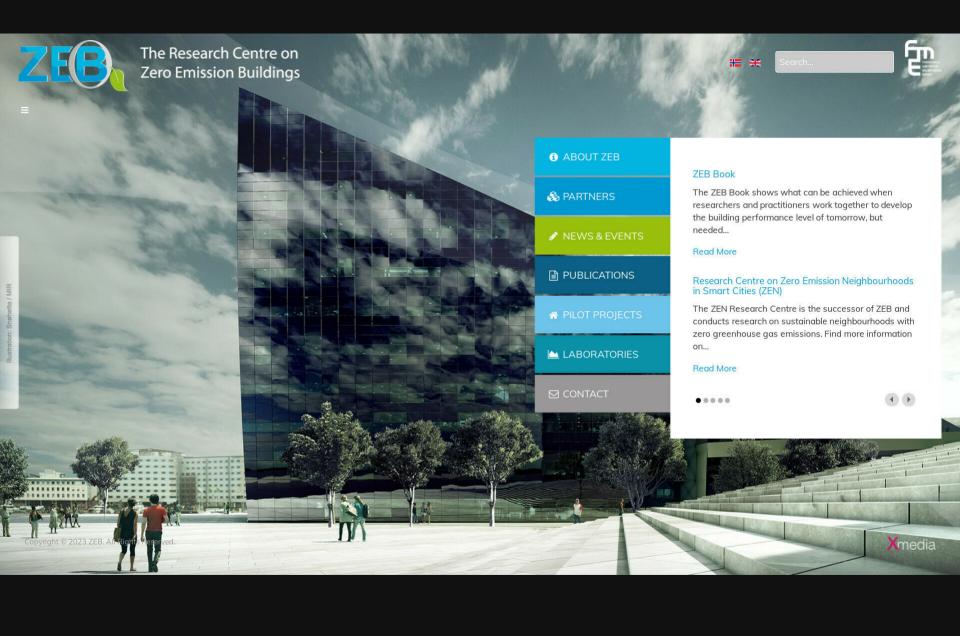
Case study Two Research Centres for environmentally friendly energy

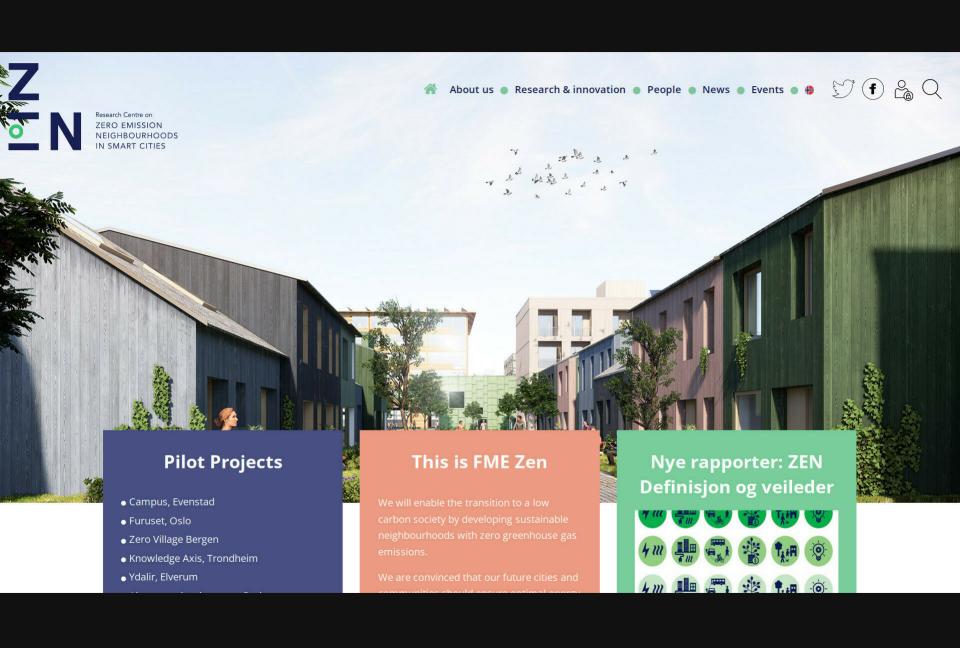
Norsk

Centres for Environmentfriendly Energy Research

The Centres for Environment-friendly Energy Research (FME) carry out long-term research targeted towards renewable energy, energy efficiency, CCS and social science aspects of energy research. The centres selected for funding must demonstrate the potential for innovation and value creation. Research activities are carried out in close collaboration between research groups, trade and industry, and the public administration, and key tasks include international cooperation and researcher training. The centres are established for a period of maximum eight years (5 + 3).







ZEB and **ZEN**

- decarbonising the built environment: from buildings (ZEB) to groups of buildings (ZEN)
- 2009-2024
- together approx. 700 mio kr
- funding shared between RCN and "partners" representing "all" stakeholders (businesses from the whole value chain, regulatory bodies, public institutions)
- Main outcomes: definitions, academic research and "pilots"

Clear trends between 2009 and 2024

- More short-term, applied research initiated by partners (= trans-disciplinary research)
- Increasing importance of market research and the creation of business models
- Introduction of innovation as evaluation criterion, an innovation group, an innovation manager
- Professionalised science communication

Taking a step back:
A critique of the
Innovation deficit model
(Pfotenhauer & Jasanoff)

Innovation as panacea

- From science as search for truth to provider of solutions to problems
- From scientific progress to effective problem solving
- Three case studies: Luxembourg, Singapore, Denmark (and Norway)

Problems in need of solving

- Luxembourg: Aging population and public health, missing research mass
- Singapore: shifting but centered around security needs, technological growth to compensate for size
- Denmark: science as unexploited economic resource

 (Norway: aging population and public health, high cost of welfare state, divesting from the oil "sleeping pillow")

Science as solution

- Luxembourg: Bio-innovation hub, gateway to Europe
- Singapore: Import of perceived 'best practice', e.g.,
 MIT
- Denmark: New university governance

(Norway: Maritime technology hub, gateway to arctics)

Critique

"The invisible politics of the innovation imperative" (Pfotenhauer & Jasanoff)

Effective way to prevent discussion and hide diverging interests ("what should we live of after the oil?" "think of the elderly!")

CUDOS

Communism

Universalism

Disinterestedness

Organised Skepticism

(Merton, 1940s)

PLACE

Proprietary

Local problem

controlled by external

Authority

Commissioned

Experts as problem solvers

Tensions

(Berker 2023)

Is CUDOS still describing a set of appropriate values for the 2020s (has it ever)?

Conference preparations

https://conf.kultwiki.net/24

1. Register and submit your abstract before **2024-05-06 00:00** (please also indicate there if you will present in person, online or deliver a recording)

Everyone gets 15 minutes of fame

2. Prepare a 15 minutes introduction to the topic together (or another format?) - before the conference day

Team T&P

Team T&C

Team S&C

Team S

Formalities

- This is an arena for experimentation and learning, formal requirements are therefore minimal: the participation requirement and word counts to incentivise your engagement with the course
- In general terms, conference papers are basically shorter pieces often produced and published quicker than journal articles (but depends on the conference)
- Self-plagiarism: a bad thing when publishing but your conference paper will **not** be published
- But: Recycling of ECTS: **not** allowed!
- Which still opens for
 - publishing based on the conference paper outside the thesis
 - to treat the paper as very bad first draft for a chapter/article in the thesis

See you in a month for an intensive day of experimenting and learning!